

DAKOTA COUNTY HERALD.

Motto: All The News When It Is News.

VOL. 24.

DAKOTA CITY, NEB., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1915.

NO. 5.

WELCOMES G. A. R.

CONVENTION HALL AT WASHINGTON A SCENE OF PATRIOTIC FERVOR.

HEARTY GREETING EXTENDED

President Introduced by Commander David J. Palmer Amid Thunderous Cheering—Lessons Taught by Civil War Theme of Executive.

Washington, Sept. 27.—Veterans of the civil war here for the annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic were formally welcomed to the capital September 28 by President Wilson, who told them their battles fifty years ago were fought for the greatest instrumentality for the uplift of mankind that the world has ever seen might not be impaired.

The president spoke amid scenes of patriotic fervor in the crowded convention hall into which the old census building had been converted.

Col. David J. Palmer, commander in chief of the G. A. R., introduced him amid thunderous cheering, and informed him that the veterans stood solidly behind the administration's conduct of the present day foreign difficulties, and that their sons would support him in any steps he might take.

Applause frequently interrupted the president as he spoke to the veterans, their families and friends. He did not touch directly upon the European war or on problems growing out of it, but devoted his address to the mission of the United States and the lessons taught by the civil war. He spoke of the civil war as one of the few in history of which both sides could be proud.

GROUND GAINED BY ALLIES.

Both British and French Better Positions—Fighting Violent.

London.—In Champagne the French are attacking the German second line of trenches and are making further progress, but seemingly the allies' offensive movement is not being carried on with the same impetuosity which characterized the first two days of the operations. The successes won are recognized as important, but the main object, which is to break through the German lines, has not yet been accomplished.

Both the British and French greatly have improved their positions, and by gaining the hills and crests from which they can dominate the German lines of communication their next attempt to win a decisive victory should be made easier, in the view of experts here.

The French continue to push forward east of Sochez, aiming at the heights of Vimy, which command the plain to the east; while the British to the north are making secure their hold on the Lens-La Bassée road and are beating off the German counter attacks.

Unrest Revived on Border Line.

Washington.—Conditions along the Mexican border in the Brownsville district again have become acute, according to messages to the war department from Maj. Gen. Funston, and a battery of mountain artillery has been dispatched to Progreso, Tex., to prevent a raid by 500 bandits who threatened to cross into American territory.

Col. Blockson, in command of the troops near Progreso, reported through Gen. Funston that the bandits seemed to constitute an independent band. "If Carranza does not stop these bandits," telegraphed Col. Blockson, "I believe we shall soon be compelled to follow them across." Secretary Garrison said he interpreted the colonel's telegram to mean that if conditions did not improve he would find it necessary to recommend that American troops be permitted to pursue attacking forces across the international line whenever necessary to deal with them.

Dumba to Sail October 5.

Washington.—Dr. Constantin T. Dumba, Austrian ambassador to the United States, has been formally recalled by his government, and the state department is arranging with the British and French embassies here for his safe conduct on a steamer sailing from New York October 5. This announcement was made by Acting Secretary Polk after the receipt of a cablegram from Ambassador Penfield at Vienna, telling of his conversation with Austrian officers and a message from Dr. Dumba himself, asking safe conduct in accordance with instructions from his government. The incident now is considered closed.

London—Premier Asquith, it is announced, has appointed a special committee of the cabinet to be charged with general oversight of the war.

Chicago.—Cheers from scores of Chicago's leading bankers and business men greeted the announcement at a banquet that the \$500,000,000 credit loan to France and England, the largest external loan ever contracted for in the United States, had been arranged for. The announcement was made here by Lord Reading, chairman of the Anglo-French commission. The other visiting commissioners were Sir Edward Holden, Basil Santa Fe railway officials with Negri Blackett and W. Ernest Mallot.

U. S. TROOPER KILLED

CARRANZA SOLDIERS LOOT AND BURN STORE AT PROGRESO, TEXAS.

ESCAPE BACK INTO MEXICO

Retreat of Raiders Covered by Several Hundred of "First Chief's" Troops—General Funston May Go After Bandits.

Brownsville, Tex., Sept. 27.—One American soldier was killed, the captain commanding the Americans was wounded and the post office and general store at Progreso, Tex., were looted and burned on Friday when about eighty armed Mexicans crossed into Texas and attacked a small detachment of Troops B and C, Twelfth cavalry.

Re-enforcements have been rushed from several army posts and General Funston reports the situation well in hand. However, all the Mexicans, with the exception of 17 killed and 18 prisoners, have recrossed into Mexico under the protection of several hundred troops on the other side of the border.

So serious is the situation felt to be here that it is believed General Funston will order his men to pursue the raiders into Mexican territory in case of a repetition of the raids. Officers who took part in the fighting have reported to General Funston that the soldiers belonged to Carranza's army.

Major Anderson, in command at Mercedes, made the following report to General Funston:

"Party of about eighty Mexicans attacked store house at Progreso post office at about daybreak in the morning, broke into store, looted the place and set fire to it. A detachment of Troops B and C, Twelfth cavalry, numbering about twelve men, were fired upon as they approached the store. The fire was returned.

"Private Henry Stubblefield, Troop B, Twelfth cavalry, was shot twice in the body and was killed. Four officers and about sixty of our men participated in the fight. The firing kept up about two hours.

"Capt. A. V. P. Anderson, who was in command, received flesh wound in arm, but is not considered dangerous. Two horses were killed and one wounded.

"The Mexicans were pursued in brush to the river. Several hundred Mexicans on other side of the river kept up a heavy fire to cover crossing of Mexicans."

San Antonio, Tex., Sept. 27.—Gen. Raoul Madero, brother of the slain president, and eight other prominent Villistas have been arrested at Glenn Springs, Tex., where they crossed the border. Those taken with Madero and sent to Alpine, Tex., are: Gen. Santiago Sanchez, Jose Pulido, Emilio Vasquez, Tiranin Rangel, Jose Maria Rodriguez, Raul Davila, Ramon Partido and Abraham Martinez.

BULGARIA DENIES WAR MOVE

Premier Says Army Was Mobilized for Protection—Greece Calls Out Army.

Washington, Sept. 27.—A statement cabled to the Bulgarian legation here on Friday by Premier Radoslovoff announces that Bulgaria does not intend aggressive action against any of her neighbors and that her mobilization is not to be construed as indicating that she is about to enter the war.

London, Sept. 27.—Before many hours have passed the flame of war may have seared the Balkan nations again.

With the Bulgarian army massed on one border of Serbia and 800,000 Austro-Germans ready to strike on another, Greece and Roumania, the last of the Balkan states to become infected with the war fever, have begun preparations to enter the conflict.

The menace of Bulgaria's mobilization was met by Greece with a royal decree calling twenty classes of troops to the colors. Minister of War Danglis issued an order calling out all the Greek reservists.

Simultaneously the Roumanian cabinet was called into hasty conference with King Ferdinand in circumstances that leave no doubt that the meeting will be followed by a mobilization order.

BRITISH LINER IS TORPEDOED

American Wireless Operator Missing After Steamer Chancellor Sunk by Submarine.

London, Sept. 27.—The Harrison liner Chancellor, a British ship, has been sunk by a German submarine. Part of the crew is reported missing, among them G. W. King of New Orleans, an American, who was assistant Marconi operator on the liner.

Sea Gives Up Arabic Dead. Queenstown, Sept. 27.—A body that came ashore on Friday at Cloakilly, on the south coast of Ireland, has been identified as that of Mrs. Josephine Bruguiere of New York, one of the victims of the Arabic disaster.

Americans Defeat Japs. Tokyo, Sept. 2.—The baseball team of the University of Chicago defeated the Waseda university team Friday afternoon by a score of 5 to 3 in the opening game of the series. Thirty thousand persons watched the game.

TEUTONS' ROUTE THROUGH BALKANS



1. Germans join Austrians in attack on Semendria, beginning new invasion of Serbia in projected march through Balkans to Dardanelles. 2. Allies, heavily re-enforced by Italian, French and British contingents, renew attempt to force way to Constantinople ahead of Austro-Germans. 3. Austrians renew attack on Montenegro and Serbians at Cetinje to prevent concentration of Slavs against invasion from Semendria. 4. Roumanian army mobilized on frontier ready for attack on Bulgaria. 5. Russian army in Bessarabia ready to join Roumanians in march through Bulgaria if Bucharest joins allies.

SUBWAY BLAST KILLS 8 PRESIDENT IS SLURRED

BLOCK AND HALF OF NEW YORK STREET COLLAPSES.

Fifty Persons Injured When Explosion Carries Away the Supporting Pillars of Tunnel.

New York, Sept. 24.—Police are hunting for Frank Midnight, whose real name is Mezonozco, on a charge of homicide. He is the man who had charge of blasting operations in the new subway being constructed in Seventh avenue, which collapsed on Wednesday, resulting in eight deaths and injuring 50 persons, several perhaps fatally.

The generally accepted theory of the cause of the accident was that an explosion of dynamite had blown away pillars supporting the street surface. Coroner Feinberg said he believed faulty construction work, rather than an explosion, caused the collapse, but firemen found several sticks of dynamite and are keeping them as evidence.

Six persons were crushed to death when a street car plunged 50 feet into the chasm as a block and a half of the street surface collapsed.

Two others died of their injuries after being removed from the ruins of the car, which was torn to pieces.

DOCTOR DUMBA CALLS CHIEF EXECUTIVE "SELF-WILLED."

Von Papen Says Yankees Are Idiots—Letters Fought on Archibald Made Public in London.

London, Sept. 23.—The papers taken from War Correspondent James F. J. Archibald by the British authorities, on which was based the request of the United States government for the recall of Doctor Dumba, the Austrian ambassador at Washington, were made public in part.

In the letters from Doctor Dumba to diplomat's candid opinion of the president and of American sentiment is set forth.

There is a letter from Captain von Papen, military attache of the German embassy in Washington, written to his wife and entrusted to the accommodating Archibald. In it Von Papen speaks of "these idiotic Yankees."

There is a copy of a letter written by Count von Bernstorff to Secretary Lansing, but it is frankly an official German reply to the allegations regarding German plots in the United States.

The dossier as made public in the house of commons comprises twenty-one pages, closely printed. Included in it are the letter from Ambassador Dumba to Baron Burian, the Austro-Hungarian minister of foreign affairs.

In one of these, not hitherto made public, Doctor Dumba refers to the "discouraging attitude" of President Wilson.

Doctor Dumba says the president's position is that America in a serious crisis would have to depend on neutral foreign countries for all its war material and "at no price and in no case will Mr. Wilson allow this source to dry up."

"For this reason," Doctor Dumba says, "I am of opinion that a return to the question . . . will not only be useless, but having regard to the self-willed temperament of the president, harmful."

AIR RAID ON STUTTGART

Allied Flyers Drop One Hundred Bombs on German Royal Palace.

London, Sept. 24.—One of the most daring aerial exploits of the war was accomplished by French aviators, who flew 110 miles into Germany and bombarded Stuttgart, capital of the German duchy of Wuerttemberg.

The aviators, according to the official communique issued at Paris on Wednesday, dropped 100 bombs on the royal palace and the railway station while under heavy fire from the German anti-aircraft guns, but escaped unharmed and all returned safely.

The aeroplanes probably made in all a flight of 300 miles.

The statement gives no details of the damage at Stuttgart.

U. S. GAINS POINT

GERMANY IN LATEST NOTE ASSURES SAFETY TO THOSE ON AMERICAN SHIPS.

COMMANDERS GIVEN ORDERS

Right of Visit and Search to Be Exercised and No Ship With Conditional Contraband Will Be Torpedoed, Says Message in Frye Case.

Washington, Sept. 25.—Germany's latest note on the sinking of the American sailing ship William P. Frye, published by the state department on Thursday, discloses an important diplomatic victory for the United States. Germany accepts the proposal to fix damages by commission and to let The Hague pass upon disputed treaty rights involved. She also gives assurances that no more American ships carrying conditional contraband will be destroyed under any circumstances.

One thing seemed to officials certain—German naval commanders now are ordered to exercise the rights of visit and search with respect to all American ships to determine what cargo the vessels carry, thus making it practically sure that none will be attacked without warning or ample time for passengers and crew to be transferred irrespective of the cargo.

The note follows in part: "With regard first to the ascertainment of the damage by experts, the German government believes that it should dispense with the nomination of an umpire. Assuming that the American government agrees to this, the German government names as its expert Doctor Kappuy of Bremen, director of the North German Lloyds; it begs to await the designation of the American expert.

"The German government declares that it agrees to the proposal of the American government to separate the question of indemnity from the question of the interpretation of the Prussian-American treaty of 1785, 1799 and 1828.

"It therefore again expressly states that in making payment it does not acknowledge the violation of the treaty as contended by the American side, but it will admit that the settlement of the question of indemnity does not prejudice the arrangement of the differences of opinion concerning the interpretation of the treaty rights, and that this dispute is left to be decided by The Hague tribunal of arbitration.

"The negotiations relative to the signing of the compromise provided by article 52 of The Hague arbitration convention would best be conducted between the foreign office and the American embassy at Berlin, in view of the difficulties in the way of instructing the imperial ambassador at Washington.

"From the standpoint of law and equity (the German government) is not prevented, in its opinion, from proceeding against American ships carrying contraband, according to its interpretation, until the question is settled by arbitration.

"For the German government does not need to depart from the application of generally recognized rules of the law of maritime war, as the Declaration of London, unless and in so far as an exception based on a treaty is established beyond a doubt. In the case of the present difference of opinion between the German and American governments such an exception could not be taken to be established except on the ground of the arbitral award.

"Nevertheless the German government, in order to furnish to the American government evidence of its conciliatory attitude, has issued orders to the German naval forces not to destroy American merchantmen which have loaded conditional contraband, even when the conditions of international law are present, but to permit them to continue their voyage unhindered if it is not possible to take them into port."

NO SAFE CONDUCT TO DUMBA

State Department Delivers Pointed Acknowledgment to Teuton's Request—Austria Must Answer.

Washington, Sept. 25.—The department of state acknowledged the request of Doctor Dumba, the Austro-Hungarian ambassador, for a safe conduct to Europe. In doing so it informed the ambassador that the subject of his return had been taken up with the Austro-Hungarian foreign office. The inference was plain that until the Austrian answer to the American request for the ambassador's recall had been received no safe conduct would be given. Doctor Dumba has made reservations on the Rotterdam, sailing on September 28.

Swedish Steamer Torpedoed. Christiansand, Norway, Sept. 25.—The Swedish steamer Forsvik, 1,107 tons, has been sunk by a German submarine. The crew was saved. The ship was carrying a cargo of coal through the war zone.

War Tax Hits Americans. London, Sept. 25.—The wealthy Anglo-American contingent in London will be hit severely by the increase in the new war income tax. They already have contributed largely to many forms of relief.



Mellow-Sweet

—like the toothsome taste of a ripe fig—is the rich, juicy flavor you get in a chew of SPEAR HEAD.

No other plug tobacco is so mellow, so luscious and so satisfying as

SPEAR HEAD PLUG TOBACCO



The choice leaf for SPEAR HEAD is selected with the most painstaking care, is stemmed by hand, is pressed into SPEAR HEAD plugs so slowly that not a drop of the rich natural juice escapes.

Chew the rich and mellow tobacco that has been the favorite for a third of a century—that's SPEAR HEAD.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO CO.

The New Electric Light System is now being installed and if you contemplate having your house wired for

Electricity

Call or Phone

CHAS. MILLIS, Electrician

Dakota City, Nebr. Phone 11 L60.

ROWE'S NEW IDEA HOG OILER

(Sometimes Called Hog Rubbing Post)

The Only Oiler made without valves, cylinders or wheels. Can't clog, stick, waste oil, leak or get out of order. Requires no attention winter or summer except filling. Guaranteed 5 Years. Uses Crude or Refined Medicated Oil. Simplest and most satisfactory oiler on the market. Costs \$2 to \$12 less than others.

KILLS HOG LICE! PREVENTS DISEASE—Keeps Pens and Yards Continually Disinfected

Applies the vermin destroying oil right on the lily; heals the skin of mange, scurvy and other skin diseases. Promotes a healthy skin and a smooth glossy coat of hair. Does away with disease. Best and cheapest disease preventative and profit-maker you can find.

FOR SALE BY

C. M. Londergan Waterbury

Nebraska, R. D. 1.

Licensed Embalmer Lady Assistant

Ambulance Service

Wm. F. Dickinson Undertaking

415 Sixth Street

Sioux City, Iowa

Bell 71

Auto 5471

Security Insurance Company

OF NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

JOHN H. REAM, Agent

Dakota City, Nebraska.